



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

These boxes or tins are on no account whatever to be opened in Egypt.

Any contravention of this regulation renders the offender liable to severe penalties.

Respectfully,

FRANK H. MASON,
United States Consul-General.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Quarantine on outgoing vessels at Honolulu.

HONOLULU, H. I., *March 26, 1902.*

SIR: I have the honor to report the outgoing quarantine transactions at this station for the week ended March 22, 1902, as follows:

Steamships inspected and passed, 1; sailing vessels inspected and passed, 4; cabin passengers inspected and passed, 79; steerage passengers inspected and passed, 44; crew inspected and passed, 58; pieces of baggage disinfected, 85; sailing vessels disinfected, 3.

Respectfully,

L. E. COFER,
*Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.,
Chief Quarantine Officer, Hawaii.*

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital.

Disappearance of plague—Removal of outgoing restrictions.

HONOLULU, H. I., *April 9,
via San Francisco, Cal., April 15, 1902.*

Outgoing restrictions removed on April 2, thirty days having elapsed since appearance of new case of plague. No developments to date.

COFER.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,
U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

ITALY.

Reports from Naples—Cholera reported at Medina, Mecca, and Djiddah.

NAPLES, ITALY, *March 24, 1902.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended March 22, 1902, the following steamships were inspected at Naples: March 18, the steamship *Neustria*, of the Fabre Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 902 steerage passengers and 40 pieces of large baggage; 1,300 pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam. March 19, the steamship *Victoria*, of the Anchor Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 1,072 steerage passengers and 100 pieces of large baggage; 1,500 pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam. March 19, the steamship *Liguria*, of the Italian General Navigation Company, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 1,209 steerage passengers and 92 pieces of large baggage; 1,400 pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam. March 20, the steamship *Citta di Genova*, of the Veloce Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 1,417 steerage